

Homework 9, due 4/8

A state space model has state process x_t and observation process y_t . Let x_t take values in a state space \mathcal{X} , and y_t take values in the observation space \mathcal{Y} . Recall that, by definition, for a state space model:

$$\begin{aligned}p(x_t|x_{t-1}, x_{t-2}, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_{t-2}, \dots) &= p(x_t|x_{t-1}), \\p(y_t|x_t, x_{t-1}, \dots, y_{t-1}, y_{t-2}, \dots) &= p(y_t|x_t).\end{aligned}$$

Here, for example, $p(y_t|x_t)$ means the conditional density of y_t given x_t . This makes use of a convenient abuse of notation, where we use the time series both as labels and as the variables. Prove the following recursions:

$$(1) \quad p(x_t|y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}) = \int_{\mathcal{X}} p(x_{t-1}|y_1, \dots, y_{t-1})p(x_t|x_{t-1})dx_{t-1},$$

$$(2) \quad p(x_t|y_1, \dots, y_t) = \frac{p(x_t|y_1, \dots, y_{t-1})p(y_t|x_t)}{p(y_t|y_1, \dots, y_{t-1})},$$

$$(3) \quad p(x_t|y_1, \dots, y_T) \propto p(y_t, \dots, y_T|x_t)p(x_t|y_1, \dots, y_{t-1}), 1 < t < T$$

Note: (1) and (2) are the forward filtering/prediction recursions. (3) shows how to use forward and backward recursions to solve the smoothing problem.

Note: this is the last homework; afterwards will remain only the final project. There will not be a homework on implementing state space models, but looking at the basic structural model should still be accessible for the final project, if appropriate.